



- Fundamental element of the employment contract
- Limitation of daily working time is a longstanding union demand
- 1919 ILO convention on working conditions
- EU- limitation of maximum working hours fundamental social right

ALAS %



Working Time Directive

- First version Directive 104/93/EC repealed by Council Directive 2003/88/EC:
 - Health & safety basis
 - Sets maximum working week at 48 hours
 - Allows extensive derogations & specific reference periods
 - Derogations through collective bargaining + individual ont-out
- Commission proposals for a new Directive Currently under review and deadlocked in the Council



Special provisions apply to certain sectors:

- mobile workers and offshore work
- workers on board fishing vessels
- · doctors in training

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WTD – Main discussion points:

- Length of the working week
- The annualisation of hours
- Individual opt-out
- On-call workers





• 48 hours – weekly basis

WTD -

- Exceptions and derogations:
 - Non-predetermined duration of the working time
 - Doctors in training (transitional period)

Length of Working Week

-Individual opt-out





Reference periods:

- For the application of the maximum weekly working time – 4 moths
- For the duration of night work 24 hours (can be extended by collective agreement)
- Wide range of derogations admitted (by means of collective agreements)
- Commission proposes that Member States can extend the reference period for calculating the average working week of 48 hours from 4 months to up to 12 months.
- ETUC opposes Commission proposal only derogations by means of collective bargaining.



Individual opt-out

- UK position Long working hours culture low productivity – non effective reorganisation of working patterns
- Commission proposal: maintaining individual opt-out with stricter conditions to prevent abuse
- ETUC & EP: phase out opt-out

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On-call workers

- ECJ's cases SIMAP & JAEGER
- On-call duty when physical presence is required must be regarded as working time.
- Commission Proposal: introducing the terminology "inactive periods of working time"
- ETUC & EP: on-call time = working time



employees with agreed hours

- Opt-out: UK 4.4%
- On call: Spain 1.8%
- Annualised hours
 - Spain 3.6%Germany 2.7%
 - Finland 2.1%
- Full-/part-time hours:
 - Part-time Netherlands 22.3%
 - Full-time Poland 91.4%
- Flexible hours: Denmark 12.6%